I. Basic Knowledge

1. Q: What does JROTC stand for?
   A: Junior Reserve Officers’ Training Corps

2. Q: What does LET stand for?
   A: Leadership Education and Training

3. Q: What does JCLC stand for?
   A: JROTC Cadet Leadership Challenge

4. Q: What does SAI stand for?
   A: Senior Army Instructor

5. Q: What does AI stand for?
   A: Army Instructor

6. Q: What is the mission of JROTC?
   A: To motivate young people to be better citizens.

7. Q: What is the key to success in JROTC?
   A: The key to success in JROTC is teamwork.

8. Q: What level of distinction can JROTC units earn?
   A: JROTC units can earn Honor Unit with Distinction.

II. Leadership

9. Q: What is the definition of leadership?
   A: The ability to influence subordinates in order to accomplish a mission.

10. Q: What are the three leadership styles? Explain each.
    A: Democratic (or Participating) – Involving subordinates in the decision making process.
        Autocratic (or Directing) – Directing subordinates without considering their input.
        Laissez-faire (or Delegating) – Giving decision making authority to subordinates.

11. Q: What are the seven Army values? (LDRSHIP)
    A: Loyalty  Duty  Respect  Selfless Service  Honor  Integrity  Personal Courage

12. Q: Define Teamwork
    A: The cooperative effort on the part of a number of people working together to achieve a goal.

III. Drill and Ceremony

13. Q: What are the two parts of a command?
    A: Preparatory command and command of execution.

14. Q: On what foot do you give the command Rear, March?
    A: The right foot.

15. Q: On which foot can you give the command of halt?
    A: Either foot.

16. Q: What is normal cadence?
    A: 120 steps per minute.

IV. Map Reading

17. Q: How do you read a military map
    A: Right and up

18. Q: What are the five basic colors on a military map and what do they represent?
19. Q: Name the five major terrain features on a military map.
   A: Hill, saddle, valley, ridge, and depression.

20. Q: What are the three types of north on a military map?
   A: True, grid, and magnetic.

V. **First Aid and Health**

21. Q: Define first aid
   A: The immediate medical care given to an accident victim before professional medical help arrives.

22. Q: What are the four life saving steps?
   A: Check for and clear a blocked airway and restore breathing.
   Check for bleeding
   Check and treat for shock
   Dress and bandage the wound

VI. **Chain of Command**

23. Q: Who is the ________________?

   Commander-In-Chief – President Joseph Biden
   Secretary of Defense – Honorable Lloyd Austin
   Secretary of the Army – Honorable Christine Wormuth
   Army Chief of Staff – General James McConville
   Sergeant Major of the Army – SMA Michael A. Grinston
   Commanding General, Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) – General Paul E. Funk
   Command Sergeant Major, TRADOC – CSM Daniel T. Hendrex
   Commanding General, Cadet Command – MG John R. Evans, Jr.
   Command Sergeant Major, Cadet Command – CSM Jerimiah Gan
   Director, U.S. Army JROTC – COL Steve M. Smith
   Commander, 2nd ROTC Brigade – COL Kandace M. Daffin
   Command Sergeant Major, 2nd ROTC Brigade – CSM Gregory Caywood
   Chief, 2nd Bde JROTC – Mrs. Brenda Gainey

24. Q: What are the three branches of the government?
   A: Executive, Legislative and Judicial.

VII. **American History and Citizenship**

25. Q: Who wrote the Star Spangled Banner?
   A: Francis Scott Key

26. Q: What do the colors on the United States flag represent?

27. Q: What do the 13 stripes on the United States flag represent?
   A: The 13 original colonies.

28. Q: What are the three types of American flags and which one is the largest?
   A: Post, Storm, and Garrison; Garrison is the largest.

VIII. **Military Customs and Courtesies**

29. Q: Name the five basic staff positions found in most large military organizations.
   A: S-1: Administrative S-2: Information/Security
   S-3: Operations and Training S-4: Logistics/Supply
   S-5: Public Information

30. Q: What is the UCMJ?
   A: The Uniform Code of Military Justice.